Imputation of genotypes from low- to high-density genotyping platforms

Donagh Berry¹ & Francis Kearney²

¹Teagasc, ²ICBF





Motivation

- Costs ~€150 per genotype with 50,000
 SNPs
- Genomics will dictate selection decisions
 - Heifers as replacements
 - Bulls as test bulls or stock bulls
- Parentage testing is a form of genotyping but in current form is not useful for genomic selection

\rightarrow reduce the cost of genomic selection





Imputation

Imput_tion is a met_od by which you try and pred_ct the genot_pe of an ani_al at a hig_er densi_y than the genoty_es you actually have. This can subs_quently be used to obtain geno_ic EB_s





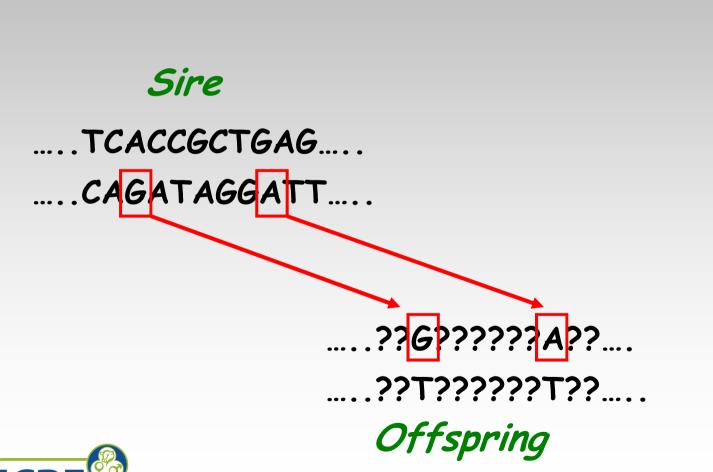
Imputation

Imputation is a method by which you try and predict the genotype of an animal at a higher density than the genotypes you actually have. This can subsequently be used to obtain genomic EBIs



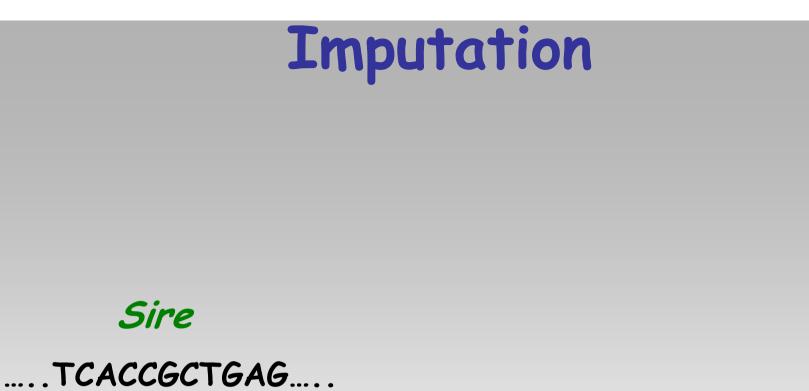














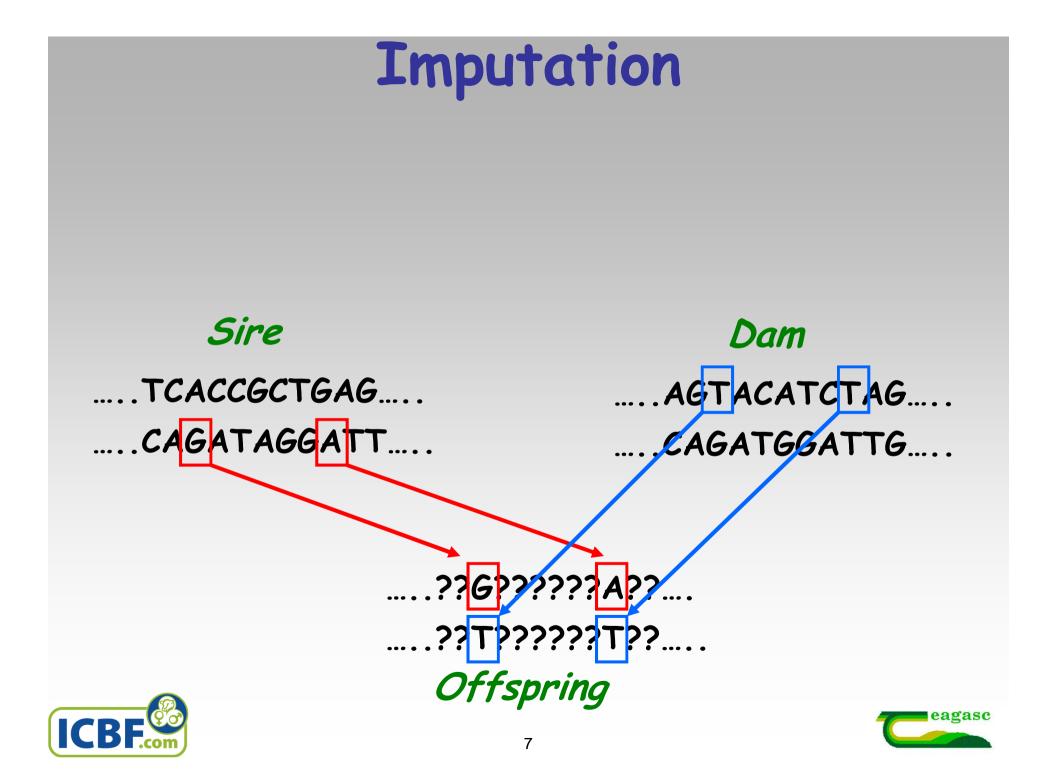


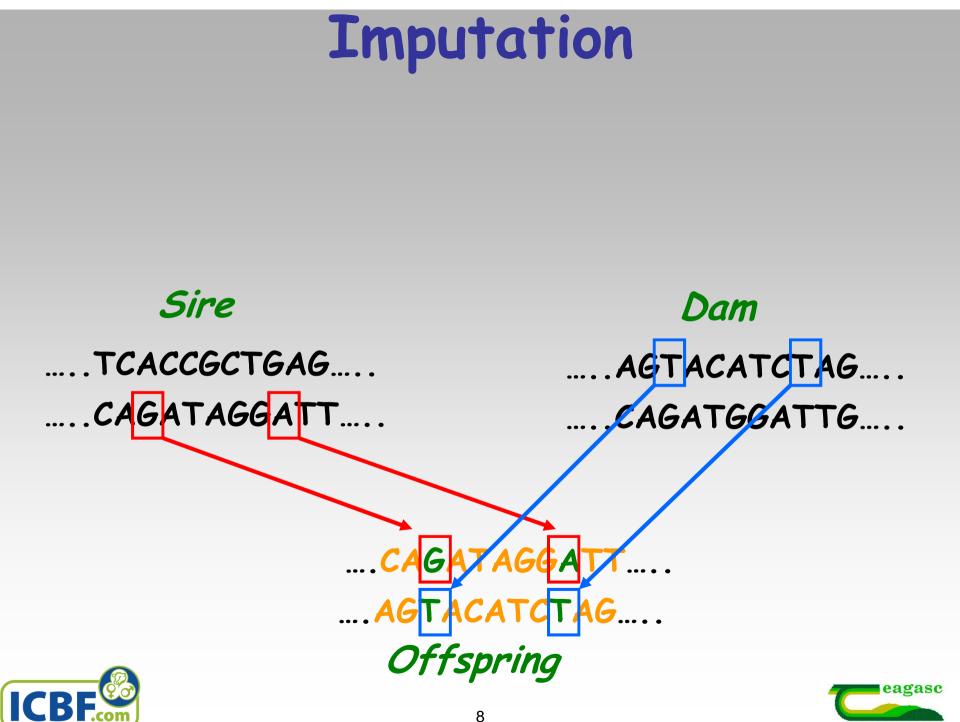
....??T?????T??....

Offspring













.....TCACCGCTGAG.....

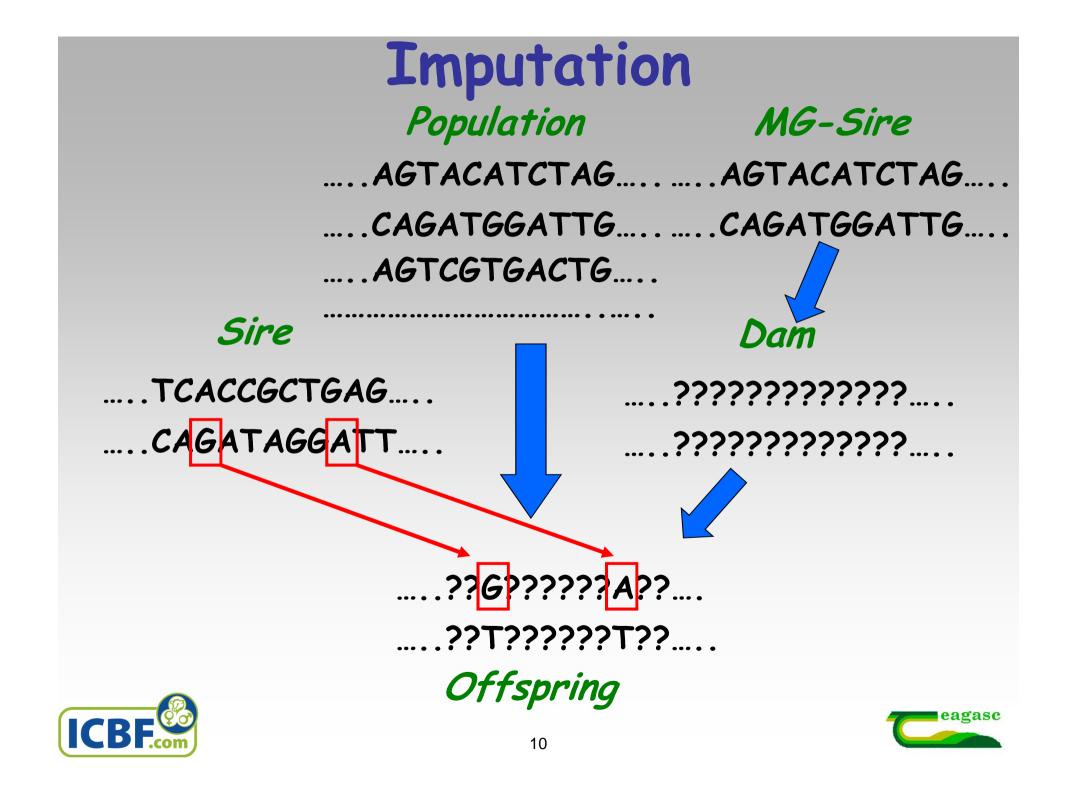
DamAGTACATCTAG.....CAGATGGATTG.....

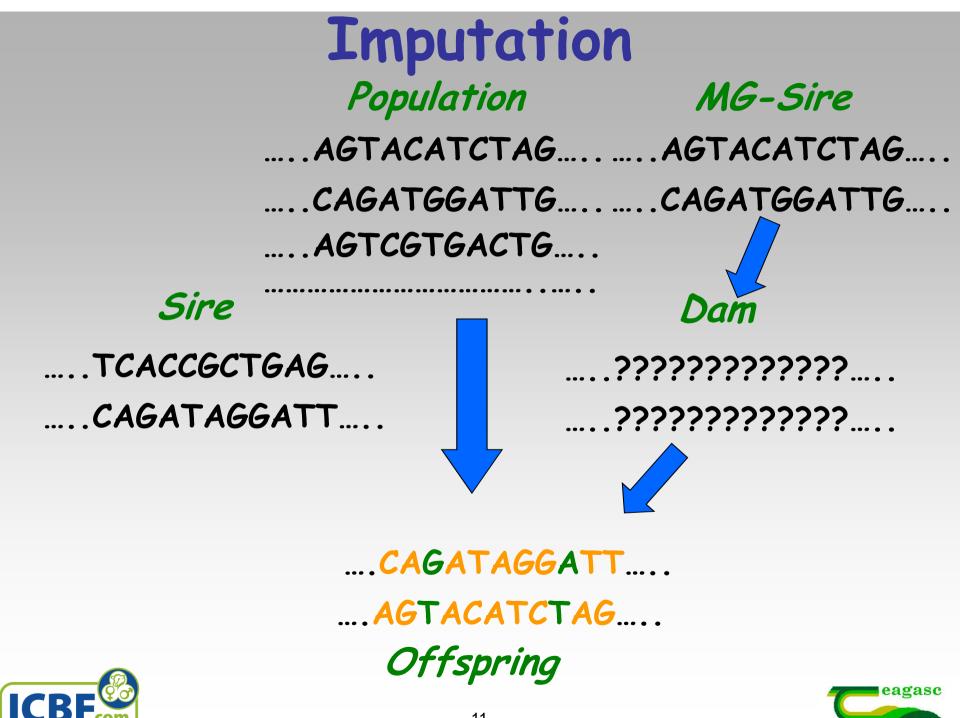
....CAGATAGGATT.....

....AGTACATCTAG..... Offspring













Objective

To quantify the accuracy of imputing from a low- to a high-density genotype panel (54,000 SNPs) and its impact on genomic predictions





Materials and Methods

- 5,489 animals with high density genotypes
- Two groups
 - Reference group (born <2006; n=4,725)
 - Test group (born ≥2006; n=764)
- Low density platform
 - 2,900 SNPs (2,730 after edits)
- High density platform
 - 54,001 SNPs (51,602 after edits)





Materials and Methods

- Only low density SNPs of test group retained and remaining SNPs imputed
 Beagle software suite
- Genomic predictions of test group animals undertaken using GBLUP
 - Predictions based on "true" or imputed genotypes
 - \cdot All traits in the EBI





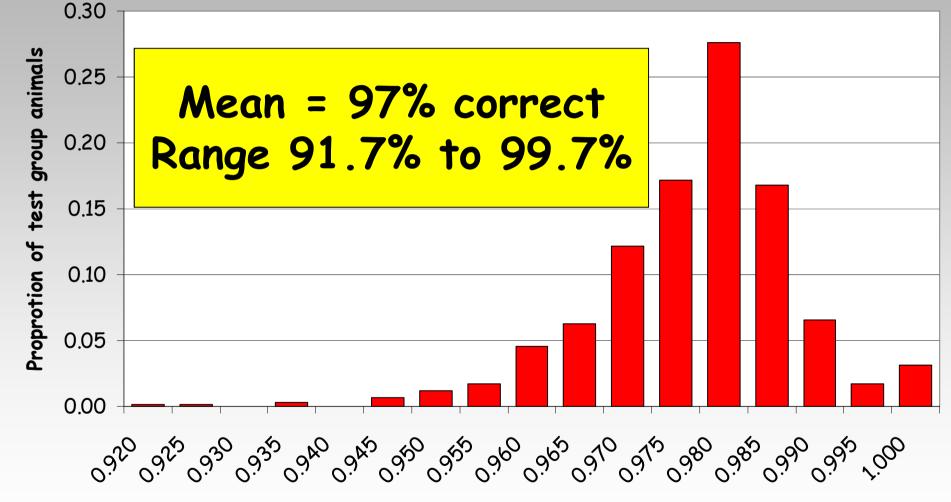
Accuracy of prediction

- Imputation
 - · Genotype concordance rate
 - Allele concordance rate
- Genomic predictions (comparison of direct genomic values from true or imputed genotypes)
 - Mean bias
 - $\boldsymbol{\cdot}$ Variation in bias
 - Correlation
 - \cdot Regression





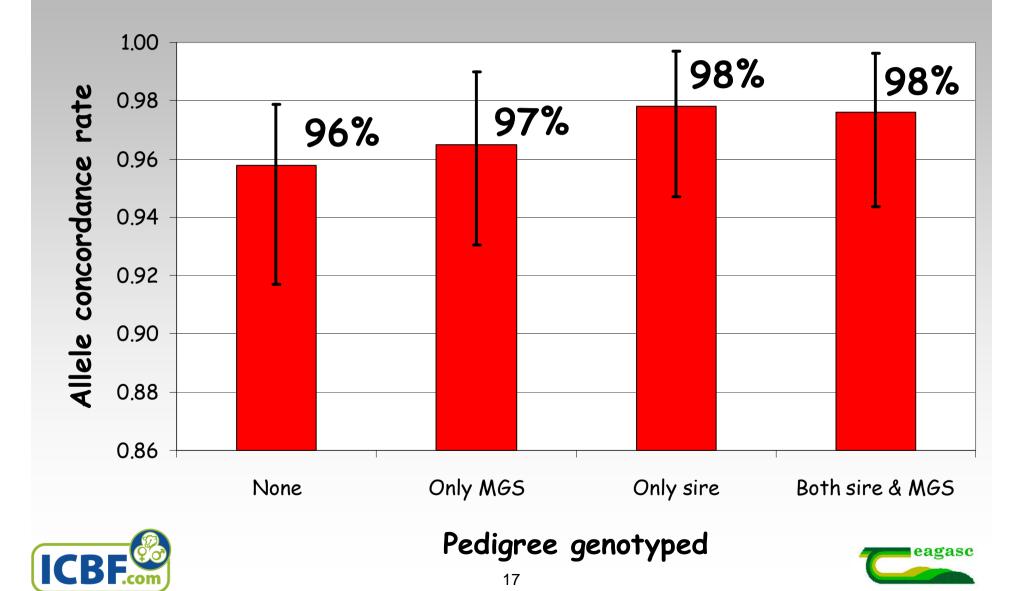
Allele concordance rate per animal



Allele concordance rate



Accuracy by pedigree genotyped



Impact on genomic predictions

- Statistically significant bias of prediction (not systematic across traits) but biologically not important
- Average correlation between direct genomic values using "real" or imputed genotyped was 0.96
- Regressions of direct genomic values from "real" onto imputed genotypes close to one





Conclusions

 Accuracy of imputation is high particularly with back pedigree is genotyped

 Excellent concordance with genomic predictions using real genotypes





Implications

Framework and logistics to undertake genomic selection using the lower cost, lower-density panel (3K panel) now offered by the ICBF (€50)







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